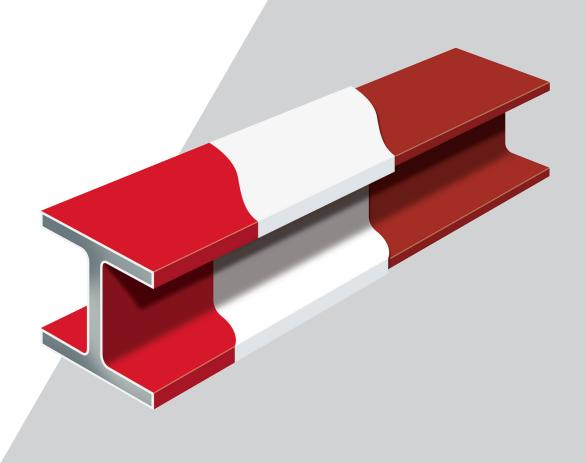


# TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Fire Finish 120+ CFP-SP WB

2023 Edition





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# **WRINKLING**

# What is it?

· A wrinkled texture on the surface of the product as it cures

# Why is this happening?

- Applied WFT is higher than recommended or coated structure exposed to too high air flow
  - This leads to a 'skinning' effect, where the top layer dries before the material underneath has a chance to dry

# How to fix it:

- Nothing required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- · If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface
- If possible, regulate airflow to optimise drying characteristics



<sup>•</sup> All repair MUST ensure that required DFT thicknesses are met as per UL requirements

<sup>•</sup> Instructions above are general guidelines — always refer to the applicable listing in the UL Fire Resistance Directory or Hilti Firestop Systems Guide for complete installation information



# SLUMPING / SAGGING

# What is it?

- · Product appears to 'sag' or 'slump' down
- · Often, beads of paint pool and run down the surface

# Why is this happening?

- · Applied WFT much higher than recommended
- The product was thinned prior to use
- Applicator stood too close to the structure during application

# How to fix it:

- Nothing required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface





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# **DRY SPRAY**

# What is it?

· Poor atomization of intumescent material

# Why is it happening?

- Applicator stood too far from structure during application
- · Application temperature too high
- · Pump Pressure too high

# How to fix it:

- Nothing required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- Ensure pump pressures are within recommendations by manufacturer/in Hilti application guide
- Ensure you are at a correct spraying distance from the surface, and within product spray parameters
- · If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface



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# **POOR HANGABILITY**

# What is it?

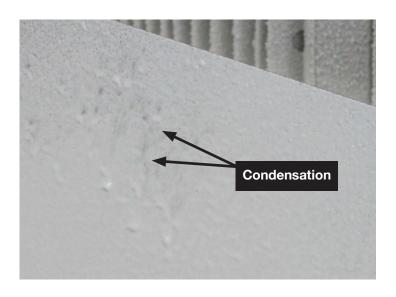
· You are getting lower than expected wet film thicknesses

# Why is this happening?

- · Condensation / moisture on the steel surface
- · Thinned product used
- Residual water in the spray pump

# How to fix it:

- Nothing required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- Let the intumescent coating dry completely
- If superior aesthetics are required: sand smooth





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# **SURGES**

# What is it?

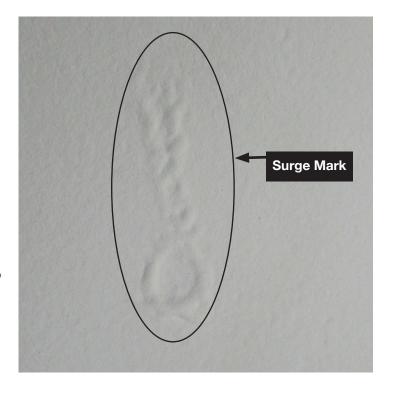
 Intumescent material that sprays out from pump in a stream vs. an atomized spray fan

# Why is this happening?

- Cavitation of the pump
- · Short tip blockage by foreign matter

# How to fix it:

- Cavitation: ensure sufficient level of intumescent in the pump feed
- No repairs required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface
- Ensure that all connections of the pump are tight, and there is no air entering the pump
- Ensure that there is no dry or cured material inside the pump that can create an uneven flow



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# **CRACKS**

# What is it?

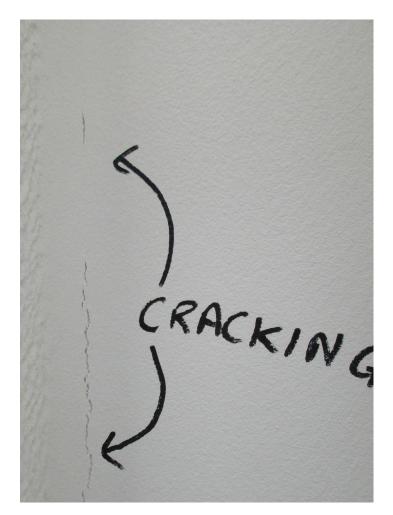
Physical cracks running through surface of material

# Why is this happening?

· Higher than recommended WFT, high air flow, low humidity

# How to fix it:

- Application of a stripe coat can prevent crack formation if conditions exist that favor crack formation
- For hairline cracks No repairs required from a fire-safety perspective — no detrimental effect on fire performance
  - All other cracks/gaps must be filled
- If superior aesthetics are required, apply a brush coat of material on top of the crack





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# **PINHOLES**

# What is it?

• Minor pinholes/craters in surface of product

# Why is this happening?

- Poor atomization
- Air entrapment

# How to fix it:

- Check pump settings to ensure parameters are within product requirements
- Check tip for signs of wear, and when in doubt change it
- No repairs required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface



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# **ORANGE PEEL**

# What is it?

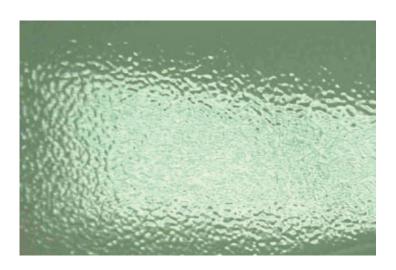
· Rough textured appearance, similar to the peel of an orange, on the surface of the product

# Why is this happening?

- Normal appearance for high build coatings
- High WFT have a propensity to orange peel
- · High gloss top coat exacerbates the appearance

# How to fix it:

- No repairs required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- · If superior aesthetics are required: sand to smooth surface





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# CRATERING (TOP COATS ONLY)

# What is it?

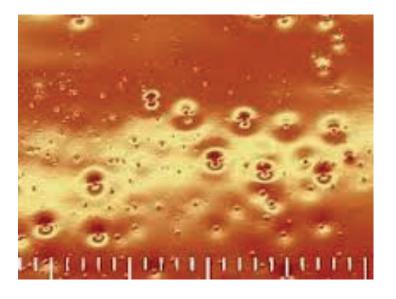
· Pock-marked top coat

# Why is this happening?

- · Defect in the top coat caused by foreign matter
- Frequently observed with polyurethane and silicone top coats
- NOT a problem of the intumescent

# How to fix it:

- Ensure that top coat is properly mixed. When in doubt, filter the top coat
- Contact your topcoat manufacturer for continued issues
- No repairs required from a fire-safety perspective no detrimental effect on fire performance
- If superior aesthetics are required: smooth top coat and re-apply a thin layer



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# **SLOW DRYING TIME**

# What is it?

· Product does not dry at expected rates

# Why is this happening?

- Temperature and humidity level outside specification
- · Low air flow / air exchange
- · Fire Film applied too thick per coat
- Thinned product used
- Additional coats of Fire Film applied too soon
- Top coat applied too soon

# How to fix it:

Ensure application conditions are within the Fire Finish application guidelines

# PRODUCT NOT SPRAYING OR FLOWING

# Why is this happening?

- · Equipment may not have been cleaned
- Product too cold
- · Shelf life of product expired
- · Lid left off container for too long
- · Material not adequately stirred prior to use

# How to fix it:

- Check equipment: tips, pressure, blockages, hose diameter/ length
- Ensure application conditions are within the Fire Finish application guidelines

# POOR SPRAY PATTERN / EXCESSIVE OVERSPRAY

# Why is this happening?

- Wrong tip size or fan
- Worn tip
- Pressure from pump is too high/too low
- · Incorrect hose diameter or length

# How to fix it:

Ensure application conditions are within the Fire Finish application guidelines

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The following issues are indicative of CRITICAL application defects.

In all of these situations, the Fire Finish product must be removed in it's entirety, and then reapplied after fixing the application conditions as outlined in the application guide.

# PRODUCT NOT ADHERING TO THE SUBSTRATE

# What is it?

 The spray product does not adhere to the substrate — slides off during the initial spraying/drying process

# Why is this happening?

- The primer may not be compatible, or the product was applied outside of the specified recoat window (of its primer)
- · Contamination of substrate (oil, grease, ...)
- If a brand new pump is being used for the first time, the packing oils in the pump have not been fully cleaned out with solvent followed by throughly flushing out the pump/lines with water

# How to fix it:

- The Fire Finish product MUST be removed completely from the steel member
- · Check primer compatibility
  - Remove incompatible primer
  - Re-blast steel and apply approved primer
- Remove contamination
  - De-grease, water jet, ...
  - Re-apply Fire Finish as per UL requirements



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# **EFFLORESCENCE**

# What is it?

 Looks like there is 'salt formation' on the surface of the material

# Why is this happening?

 Exposure to water or use in exterior environments where an approved top coat was not applied

# Repair

- The Fire Finish product MUST be removed completely from the steel member and reapplied
  - No way to repair the material fire performance has been compromised



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# **BLISTERING**

# What is it?

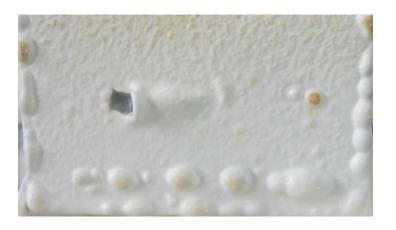
• Surface of the material seems to have 'blisters' on it

# Why is this happening?

- Exposure to pooling / standing / running water
- Possible surface contamination

# Repair

- The Fire Finish product MUST be removed completely from the steel member and reapplied
  - No way to repair the material fire performance has been compromised



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# **DELAMINATION**

# What is it?

• Product delaminates off the steel structure after it is dry

# Why is this happening?

- If the product has not cured and does not adhere or if the product is cured and delaminates, product has been applied over incompatible primer
- · Contamination of substrate or product
- · Moisture ingression over time

# Repair

- The Fire Finish product and base Primer MUST be removed completely from the column and reapplied
  - No way to repair the material fire performance has been compromised
- Re-apply after blast cleaning and priming the steel with an approved primer





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# FROST DAMAGE OF THE WET COATING

# What is it?

· Coagulated product that can not be stirred up

# Why is this happening?

• The product has been frozen and subsequently thawed

# How to fix it:

 DO NOT USE: Dispose of complete bucket if freeze indicator is activated



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