

ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3332

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DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 23—Metal Fastenings

REPORT HOLDER:

ELCO CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

DRIL-FLEX[®] SELF-DRILLING STRUCTURAL SCREWS

ADDITIONAL LISTEES:

DEWALT

HILTI, INC.

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 *International Residential Code*[®] (IRC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see ESR-3332 LABC and LARC Supplement.

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 USES

Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws are used to connect cold-formed steel members together, to connect cold-formed steel to hot-rolled steel plates and to connect sheet steel to cold-formed steel. The screws are used to resist shear and tension loads in engineered connections. The screws may be used under the IRC when an engineered design is submitted for review in accordance with IRC Section R301.1.3.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 General:

Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws are proprietary, fully-threaded, self-drilling tapping screws that have a dual heat treatment. Product names for the report holder and the additional listees are presented in the following table: A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

Company Name	Product Name
Elco Construction Products	Dril-Flex [®]
DEWALT	Dril-Flex [®]
Hilti	Kwik-Flex [®]

Indented hex washer head parts are coated with a corrosion-preventive coating identified as Stalgard[®] SUB, which is silver in color. All other head styles are coated with a corrosion-preventive coating identified as Stalgard[®], which is silver in color. The drill point and lead threads of the screws are heat-treated to a relatively high hardness to facilitate drilling and thread forming. The balance of the screw is treated to a lower hardness complying with the hardness limits for SAE J429 Grade 5 screws and the hardness limits for ASTM A449-10 Type 1 screws. Table 1 provides screw descriptions (size, tpi, length), nominal diameters, head styles, head diameters, point styles, drilling capacities and minimum required protrusion lengths.

3.1.1 Type 1: These #10 screws have coarse threads and a phillips pan head. See Figure 1.

3.1.2 Types 2A and 2B: These #10 screws have coarse threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 2.

3.1.3 Type 3: These #10 screws have fine threads and a phillips wafer head. See Figure 3.

3.1.4 Type 4: These #12 screws have coarse threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 4.

3.1.5 Type 5: These #12 screws have coarse threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 5.

3.1.6 Type 6: These #12 screws have coarse threads and a phillips undercut flat head. See Figure 6.

3.1.7 Type 7: These #12 screws have fine threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 7.

3.1.8 Type 8: These ¹/₄-inch screws have coarse threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 8.

3.1.9 Type 9: These ¹/₄-inch screws have fine threads and an indented hex washer head. See Figure 9.

3.1.10 Type 10: These 1/4-inch screws have fine threads and an indented hex washer head. The lead threads have a design identified by the manufacturer as Round Body Taptite[®]. See Figure 10.

3.1.11 Type 11: These $5/_{16}$ -inch screws have coarse threads and an indented hex washer head. The lead threads have a design identified by the manufacturer as Round Body Taptite[®]. See Figure 11.

3.1.12 Types 12A and 12B: These $5/_{16}$ -inch screws have fine threads and an indented hex washer head. At the end

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of the screw, the shank of type 12A screws are notched to form a shank slot. On 12B screws, the lead threads have a design identified by the manufacturer as Round Body Taptite[®]. See Figures 12 and 13.

3.2 Screw Material:

The screws are formed from alloy steel wire complying with the manufacturer's specifications. The screws are heattreated to a through-hardness of 28 to 34 HRC. The drilling point and lead threads are heat-treated to a minimum of 52 HRC.

3.3 Connected Material:

The connected steel materials must comply with one of the standards listed in Section A3.1 of AISI S100-16 (Section A2.1.1 of AISI S100-12, Section A2 of AISI S100-07 for the 2012 and 2009 IBC) and must have the minimum thickness, yield strength and tensile strength shown in the tables in this report.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Design:

Elco Dril-Flex® Self-Drilling Structural Screws have been evaluated for use in engineered connections of cold-formed steel construction. Design of the connections must comply with Section E4 of AISI S100. Nominal and available screw tension and shear strengths for the screws are shown in Table 2. Available connection shear, pull-over and pull-out capacities are given in Tables 3, 4 and 5, respectively. For tension connections, the lowest of the available screw tension strength, pull-over strength and pull-out strength, in accordance with Tables 2, 4 and 5, respectively, must be used for design. For shear connections, the lower of the available screw shear strength and the shear (bearing) strength, in accordance with Tables 2 and 3, respectively, must be used for design. Design provisions for tapping screw connections subjected to combined shear and torsion loading are outside the scope of the report. The connection shear strength is for connections where the connected steel elements are in direct contact with one another.

For screws used in framing connections, in order for the screws to be considered fully effective, the minimum spacing between the screws and the minimum edge distance must be three times the nominal diameter of the screws, except when the edge is parallel to the direction of the applied force, the minimum edge distance must be 1.5 times the nominal screw diameter. When the spacing between screws is less than 3 times the nominal screws diameter, but at least 2 times the screw diameter, the connection shear strength values in Table 3 must be reduced by 20 percent [Refer to AISI S240 Section B1.5.1.3 (Section D1.5 of AISI S200)]. See Table 6 for applicable spacing and edge distance dimensions for each screw size.

For screws used in applications other than framing connections, the minimum spacing between screws must be three times the nominal screws diameter and the minimum edge and end distance must be 1.5 times the nominal screw diameter. Additionally, under the 2009 IBC, when the distance to the end of the connected part is parallel to the line of the applied force, the allowable connection shear strength determined in accordance with Section E4.3.2 of Appendix A of AISI S100-07 must be considered.

Connected members must be checked for rupture in accordance with Section J6 of AISI S100 (Section E6 of AISI S100-12 for the 2015 IBC; Section E5 of AISI S100-07/S2-10 for the 2012 IBC; Section E5 of AISI S100-07 for the 2009 IBC).

When tested for corrosion resistance in accordance with ASTM B117, the screws meet the minimum requirement

listed in ASTM F1941, as required by ASTM C1513, with no white corrosion after three hours and no red rust after twelve hours.

4.2 Installation:

Installation of Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws must be in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report. The manufacturer's published installation instructions must be available at the jobsite at all times during installation.

Selection of screw length and point style must be based on the thickness of the fastened steel members plus the minimum required protrusion past the back side of the supporting steel. Point selection must be based on the drilling capacity of the screw. See Table 1 for minimum required protrusion lengths and drilling capacities.

The screws must be installed without predrilling holes in the receiving member of the connection. The drilling function of the fastener must be completed prior to the lead threads of the fastener engaging the metal. When the total connection thickness exceeds the maximum drilling capacity shown in Table 1, clearance holes must be provided in the attached material to reduce the thickness to be drilled by the screw. Clearance holes must be ¹³/₆₄, ¹⁵/₆₄, ¹⁷/₆₄ and ²¹/₆₄ inch (5.2, 5.9, 6.7 and 8.3 mm) in diameter for #10, #12, 1/4-inchdiameter and 5/16-inch-diameter (4.7, 5.5, 6.4 and 7.9 mm) screws, respectively. The screws must be installed perpendicular to the work surface using a screw driving tool incorporating a depth-sensitive or torque-limiting nose piece. The installation speed for 5/16-inch diameter screws should not exceed 1,200 rpm. The installation speed for all ¹/₄-inch diameter screws and #12 screws with a #5 point type should not exceed 1,800 rpm. The installation speed for all other screws should not exceed 2,500 rpm. The screws must penetrate through the supporting steel so that the minimum required protrusion length requirements listed in Table 1 are met. This ensures that the higher hardness portion of the screws or a minimum of three threads will protrude past the back side of the supporting steel

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- **5.1** The screws must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report. If there is a conflict between the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report, the more severe requirements govern.
- **5.2** The allowable connection capacities specified in Section 4.1 are not to be increased when the screws are used to resist short-duration loads, such as wind or seismic forces.
- **5.3** Evaluation of screws subjected to cyclic or fatigue loading is outside the scope of this report. Applicable Seismic Design Categories must be determined in accordance with the code for the entire assembly constructed with the screws.
- **5.4** Drawings and calculations verifying compliance with this report and the applicable code must be submitted to the code official for approval. The drawings and calculations are to be prepared by a registered design professional when required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.
- **5.5** The screws are manufactured under a quality-control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Tapping Screw Fasteners Used in Steel-to-steel Connections (AC118), dated January 2018.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

7.1 The self-drilling tapping screws are marked with a "^(C)" on the top surface of the screw heads, as shown in Figures 1 through 13. Packages of self-drilling tapping screws are labeled with the report holder or listee name (and address, product brand name, product number or item number, size and length, point type and the evaluation report number (ESR-3332).

7.2 The report holder's contact information is the following: ELCO CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS 701 EAST JOPPA ROAD TOWSON, MARYLAND 21286 (800) 524-3244 www.elcoconstruction.com infoElco@sbdinc.com **7.3** The Additional Listees' contact information is the following:

DEWALT 701 EAST JOPPA ROAD TOWSON, MARYLAND 21286 www.DEWALT.com

HILTI, INC. 7250 DALLAS PARKWAY, SUITE 1000 PLANO, TEXAS 75024 (800) 879-8000 www.us.hilti.com



FIGURE 1—#10-16 PHILLIPS PAN HEAD (TYPE 1 SCREW)



FIGURE 2—#10-16 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 2A and 2B SCREW)



FIGURE 3 - #10-24 PHILLIPS WAFER HEAD (TYPE 3 SCREW)



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FIGURE 4—#12-14 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 4 SCREW)



FIGURE 5—#12-14 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 5 SCREW)



FIGURE 6 - #12-14 PHILLIPS UNDERCUT FLAT HEAD (TYPE 6 SCREW)



FIGURE 7—#12-24 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 7 SCREW)



FIGURE 8—1/4-14 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 8 SCREW)



FIGURE 9—¹/₄-20 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD (TYPE 9) SCREW



FIGURE 10⁻¹/₄-20 INDENTED HEX WASHER (TYPE 10 SCREW)



FIGURE 11—⁵/₁₆-18 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD ROUND BODY TAPTITE (TYPE 11 SCREW)



FIGURE 12—^{5/}/₁₆-24 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD WITH SHANK SLOT (TYPE 12A SCREW)



FIGURE 13—⁵/₁₆-24 INDENTED HEX WASHER HEAD ROUND BODY TAPTITE (TYPE 12B SCREW)

SCREW TYPE	DESCRIPTION (nominal size and tpi)	NOMINAL DIAMETER	HEAD STYLE ¹	HEAD DIAMETER (inch)	POINT TYPE	DRILLING CAPACITY ² (inch)		MINIMUM REQUIRED PROTRUSION ³	
		(inch)		(inch)		Min.	Max.	(inch)	
1	#10-16	0.190	PPH	0.365	#2	0.048	0.110	0.406	
2A	#10-16	0.190	IHWH	0.400	#3	0.048	0.150	0.500	
2B	#10-16	0.190	IHWH	0.415	#3	0.048	0.150	0.500	
3	#10-24	0.190	PWH	0.470	#3	0.048	0.150	0.468	
4	#12-14	0.216	IHWH	0.500	#2	0.048	0.110	0.625	
5	#12-14	0.216	IHWH	0.415	#3	0.048	0.187	0.500	
6	#12-14	0.216	PUFH	0.415	#3	0.048	0.187	0.500	
7	#12-24	0.216	IHWH	0.415	#5	0.048	0.500	0.938	
8	¹ / ₄ -14	0.250	IHWH	0.500	#3	0.048	0.210	0.563	
9	¹ / ₄ -20	0.250	IHWH	0.500	#4	0.060	0.312	0.688	
10	¹ / ₄ -20	0.250	IHWH	0.500	#5	0.060	0.500	0.938	
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	0.313	IHWH	0.600	#3	0.105	0.312	0.688	
12A	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	0.313	IHWH	0.600	#4	0.105	0.312	0.750	
12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	0.313	IHWH	0.600	#4	0.105	0.312	0.750	

TABLE 1—ELCO DRIL-FLEX SELF-DRILLING STRUCTURAL SCREWS

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹Head styles: IHWH = Indented Hex Washer Head; PPH = Phillips Pan Head; PWH = Phillips Wafer Head; PUFH = Phillips Undercut Flat Head. ² The drilling capacity of a screw refers to minimum and maximum thickness of the steel that the screw is designed to drill through.
³Maximum load bearing length can be calculated by subtracting the minimum required protrusion from the nominal length of the screw.

TABLE 2—SCREW SHEAR AND TENSION STRENGTH, pounds-force^{1,2,3}

SCREW TYPE	SCREW	HEAD	NOMINAL S (TES)	TRENGTH FED)	ALLOWABLE	STRENGTH (ASD) Ω=3	DESIGN STRENGTH (LRFD) Φ=0.5		
	512E	SITLE	Shear, P_{ss} Tension, P_{ts} Shear, P_{ss}/Ω		Tension, P_{ts}/Ω	Shear, ΦP _{ss}	Tension, ΦP _{ts}		
1	#10-16	PPH	1526	2273	509	758	763	1136	
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	1463	2276	488	759	732	1138	
3	#10-24	PWH	1080	2613	360	871	540	1307	
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	1992	3216	664	1072	996	1608	
6	#12-14	PUFH	2128	2663	709	888	1064	1332	
7	#12-24	IHWH	2503	4177	834	1392	1252	2088	
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	2692	4363	897	1454	1346	2182	
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	2617	4619	872	1540	1308	2309	
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	4568	8070	1523	2690	2284	4035	
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	5471	8757	1824	2919	2736	4379	

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.4 N.

¹For tension connections, the lower of the available screw tension strength, pullover strength, and pull-out strength found in Tables 2, 4

and 5, respectively, must be used for design. ²For shear connections, the lower of the available screw shear strength and the allowable shear (bearing) capacity found in Tables 2 and 3, respectively, must be used for design.

³Nominal strengths are based on laboratory tests.

TABLE 3—SHEAR (BEARING	CAPACITY OF SCRE	W CONNECTIONS, pounds-force ^{1,2,3,4,5}
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SCREW	SCREW		DESIGN THICKNESS (in.) ⁶								
TYPE	SIZE	HEAD STILE	0.048-0.048	0.048-0.075	0.060-0.060	0.075-0.075	¹ / ₈ "- ³ / ₁₆ "	³ / ₁₆ "- ¹ / ₄ "	¹ / ₄ "-0.105"		
			ALLOWA	BLE STRENG	H (ASD)						
1	#10-16	PPH	289	289	404	-	-	-	-		
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	369	395	453	-	-	-	-		
3	#10-24	PWH	322 ¹⁰	571 ¹⁰	534 ^{7,8,9}	-	-	-	-		
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	356	573	513	497	-	-	-		
6	#12-14	PUFH	325 ¹⁰	609 ¹⁰	481 ^{7,8,9}	624 ^{7,8}	-	-	-		
7	#12-24	IHWH	291 ¹⁰	610 ¹⁰	476 ^{7,8,9}	647 ^{7,8}	630 ^{7,8,9}	734 ^{7,8,9}	600 ^{7,8,9}		
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	377	626	520	661	638	-	-		
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	386 ^{7,8}	526 ^{7,8}	533 ⁸	670 ⁸	595 ⁹	624 ⁹	554 ⁹		
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	408	622	561	891	-	-	-		
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	-	-	-	-	1347	984	887		
		•	DESIG	N STRENGTH (LRFD)		•				
1	#10-16	PPH	433	433	605	-	-	-	-		
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	590	631	724	-	-	-	-		
3	#10-24	PWH	515 ¹⁰	854 ¹⁰	913 ^{7,8,9}	-	-	-	-		
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	569	917	820	795	-	-	-		
6	#12-14	PUFH	520 ¹⁰	975 ¹⁰	770 ^{7,8,9}	999 ^{7,8}	-	-	-		
7	#12-24	IHWH	466 ¹⁰	976 ¹⁰	761 ^{7,8,9}	1035 ^{7,8}	1009 ^{7,8,9}	1174 ^{7,8,9}	960 ^{7,8,9}		
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	603	1001	833	1058	1021	-	-		
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	617 ^{7,8}	842 ^{7,8}	852 ⁸	1072 ⁸	952 ⁹	999 ⁹	886 ⁹		
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	653	996	897	1425	-	-	-		
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	-	-	-	-	2155	1575	1419		

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.4 N, 1 ksi = 6.89 Mpa.

¹Available strengths are based on laboratory tests, with safety factors/resistance factors calculated in accordance with AISI S100.

²For shear connections, the lower of the available screw shear strength and the available shear (bearing) capacity must be used for design.

³Values are based on steel members with a minimum yield strength of F_y = 33 ksi and a minimum tensile strength of F_u = 45 ksi.

⁴Available capacity for other member thickness may be determined by interpolating within the table.

⁵Unless otherwise noted, when both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength $F_u \ge 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.29 and when both steel sheets have a minimum tensile strength $F_u \ge 65$ ksi steel, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.

⁶The first number is the thickness of the steel sheet in in contact with the screw head (top sheet). The second number is the thickness of the steel sheet not in contact with the screw head (bottom sheet).

⁷When both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength of $F_u \ge 55$ ksi (e.g. ASTM A653 SS Grade 40), multiply tabulated values by 1.22.

⁸When both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength of $F_{u} \ge 52$ ksi (e.g. ASTM A653 SS Grade 37), multiply tabulated values by 1.15. ⁹When both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength of $F_{u} \ge 58$ ksi (e.g. ASTM A36), multiply tabulated values by 1.29.

¹⁰Increasing values for higher steel tensile strength per Note 5 is not allowed.

			MINIMUM	IUM DESIGN THICKNESS OF MEMBER IN CONTACT WITH SCREW HEAD (in.)							
SCREW TYPE	SCREW SIZE	HEAD STYLE	EFFECTIVE PULL-OVER DIAMETER (in.)	0.048	0.060	0.075	0.105	¹ /8"	³ / ₁₆ "	¹ / ₄ "	⁵ / ₁₆ "
ALLOWABLE STRENGTH (ASD)											
1	#10-16	PPH	0.357	386	481 ²	481 ²	481 ²	481 ²	-	-	-
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	0.400	415	481 ²	481 ²	481 ²	481 ²	-	-	-
3	#10-24	PWH	0.470	610 ²	597 ²	715 ²	715 ²	715 ²	-	-	-
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	0.415	430	537	672	734 ²	734 ²	734 ²	-	-
6	#12-14	PUFH	0.415	391 ²	537 ²	683 ²	798 ²	798 ²	798 ²	-	-
7	#12-24	IHWH	0.415	430	537	672	734 ²	734 ²	734 ²	734 ²	734 ²
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	0.500	518	648	810	1126 ²	1126 ²	1126 ²	-	-
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	0.500	-	648	810	1126 ²	1126 ²	1126 ²	1126 ²	1126 ²
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	0.600	-	-	-	1169 ²	1169 ²	-	-	-
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	0.600	-	-	-	1326 ²	1326 ²	1326 ²	1326 ²	1326 ²
			DES	SIGN STRE	ENGTH (LR	RFD)					
1	#10-16	PPH	0.357	578	723	781 ²	781 ²	781 ²	-	-	-
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	0.400	622	778	781 ²	781 ²	781 ²	-	-	-
3	#10-24	PWH	0.470	976 ²	955 ²	1143 ²	1143 ²	1143 ²	-	-	-
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	0.415	645	806	1007	1192 ²	1192 ²	1192 ²	-	-
6	#12-14	PUFH	0.415	626 ²	860 ²	1092 ²	1276 ²	1276 ²	1276 ²	-	-
7	#12-24	IHWH	0.415	645	806	1007	1192 ²	1192 ²	1192 ²	1192 ²	1192 ²
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	0.500	778	972	1215	1701	1830 ²	1830 ²	-	-
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	0.500	-	972	1215	1701	1830 ²	1830 ²	1830 ²	1830 ²
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	0.600	-	-	-	1871 ²	1871 ²	-	-	-
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	0.600	-	-	-	2121 ²	2121 ²	2121 ²	2121 ²	2121 ²

TABLE 4—TENSILE PULL-OVER CAPACITY OF SCREW CONNECTIONS, pounds-force^{1,3,4,5,6}

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.4 N, 1 ksi = 6.89 Mpa.

¹Available strengths are based on calculations in accordance with AISI S100, unless otherwise noted.

²Available strengths are based on laboratory tests, with safety factors/resistance factors calculated in accordance with AISI S100, or on the shear strength of the integral washer. Increasing values for higher steel tensile strength per Note 6 is not allowed.

³For tension connections, the lowest of the available pull-out, pull-over, and screw tension strength must be used for design.

 4 Values are based on steel members with a minimum yield strength of F_y = 33 ksi and a minimum tensile strength of F_u = 45 ksi.

⁵Available capacity for other member thickness may be determined by interpolating within the table. ⁶For steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \ge 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.29 and for steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \ge 65$ ksi steel, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.

SCREW	SCREW SCREW			DESIGN THICKNESS OF MEMBER NOT IN CONTACT WITH SCREW HEAD (in.)									
TYPE	SIZE	HEAD STILE	0.048	0.060	0.075	0.105	1/8"	³ / ₁₆ "	¹ / ₄ "	⁵ / ₁₆ "			
ALLOWABLE STRENGTH (ASD)													
1	#10-16	PPH	136	193	236	307	297	-	-	-			
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	136	193	236	307	297	-	-	-			
3	#10-24	PWH	122 ⁸	186 ⁷	250 ⁶	415 ⁶	546 ⁷	-	-	-			
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	132	205	264	328	510	665	-	-			
6	#12-14	PUFH	132	205	264	328	510	665	-	-			
7	#12-24	IHWH	96 ⁸	165 ⁷	224 ⁶	381 ⁶	507 ⁷	891 ⁷	1020	1020			
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	131	207	255	342	561	899	-	-			
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	-	204 ⁶	260 ⁶	423 ⁶	524 ⁷	914 ⁷	1044	1206			
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	-	-	-	520	707	-	-	-			
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	-	-	-	459	637	724	1189	1424			
			DES	GIGN STREN	GTH (LRFD))							
1	#10-16	PPH	217	309	378	492	476	-	-	-			
2A, 2B	#10-16	IHWH	217	309	378	492	476	-	-	-			
3	#10-24	PWH	194 ⁸	298 ⁷	400 ⁶	664 ⁶	874 ⁷	-	-	-			
4, 5	#12-14	IHWH	211	328	423	525	816	1064	-	-			
6	#12-14	PUFH	211	328	423	525	816	1064	-	-			
7	#12-24	IHWH	154 ⁸	264 ⁷	359 ⁶	609 ⁶	811 ⁷	1426 ⁷	1632	1632			
8	¹ / ₄ -14	IHWH	210	331	409	548	897	1439	-	-			
9, 10	¹ / ₄ -20	IHWH	-	326 ⁶	416 ⁶	677 ⁶	838 ⁷	1462 ⁷	1670	1930			
11	⁵ / ₁₆ -18	IHWH	-	-	-	832	1131	-	-	-			
12A, 12B	⁵ / ₁₆ -24	IHWH	-	-	-	735	1019	1159	1903	2279			

TABLE 5—TENSILE PULL-OUT CAPACITY OF SCREW CONNECTIONS, pounds-force^{1,2,3,4,5}

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.4 N, 1 ksi = 6.89 Mpa.

¹Available strengths are based on laboratory tests, with safety factors/resistance factors calculated in accordance with AISI S100.

²For tension connections, the lowest of the available pull-out, pull-over, and screw tension strength must be used for design.

³Values are based on steel members with a minimum yield strength of F_y = 33 ksi and a minimum tensile strength of F_u = 45 ksi.

⁴Available capacity for other member thickness may be determined by interpolating within the table.

⁵Unless otherwise noted, for steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \ge 58$ ksi, multiply tabulated values by 1.29 and for steel with a minimum tensile strength $F_u \ge 65$ ksi steel, multiply tabulated values by 1.44.

⁶When both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength of $F_{\nu} \ge 52$ ksi (e.g. ASTM A653 SS Grade 37), multiply tabulated values by 1.15.

⁷When both steel sheets have a minimum specified tensile strength of $F_{\mu} \ge 58$ ksi (e.g. ASTM A36), multiply tabulated values by 1.29.

⁸Increasing values for higher steel tensile strength per Note 5 is not allowed.

TABLE 6-MINIMUM SCREW SPACING AND EDGE DISTANCE¹

BASIC SCREW DIAMETER (inch)	FASTENED MATERIAL	MINIMUM SPACING (3d)	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE (1.5d)	MINIMUM EDGE DISTANCE FOR FRAMING MEMBERS (3d)
0.190 (#10)	Steel	⁹ / ₁₆ "	⁵ / ₁₆ "	⁹ / ₁₆ "
0.216 (#12)	Steel	¹¹ / ₁₆ "	³ /8"	¹¹ / ₁₆ "
0.250 (¹ / ₄)	Steel	³ / ₄ "	³ /8"	3/4"
0.3125 (⁵ / ₁₆)	Steel	¹⁵ / ₁₆ "	1/2"	¹⁵ / ₁₆ "

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm.

¹For screws used in framing connections, the spacing between screws may be less than 3 times the nominal screws diameter, but at least 2 times the screw diameter, provided the connection shear strength values in Table 3 are reduced by 20 percent [Refer to AISI S240 Section B1.5.1.3 (Section D1.5 of AISI S200)].



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3332 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued September 2020 This report is subject to renewal September 2021.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 05 00 00—METALS Section: 05 05 23—Metal Fastenings

REPORT HOLDER:

ELCO CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

DRIL-FLEX® SELF-DRILLING STRUCTURAL SCREWS

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws, described in ICC-ES evaluation report <u>ESR-3332</u>, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2020 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report <u>ESR-3332</u>, comply with the LABC Chapter 22 and the LARC, and are subjected to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report ESR-3332.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the Elco Dril-Flex[®] Self-Drilling Structural Screws are in accordance with the 2018 International Building Code[®] (2018 IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report <u>ESR-3332</u>.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.
- Steel members shall have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 58-ksi.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued September 2020.





ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3042 FBC Supplement

Reissued September 2020 This report is subject to renewal September 2021.

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DIVISION: 06 00 00—WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES Section: 06 05 23—Wood, Plastic and Composite Fastenings

REPORT HOLDER:

DEWALT

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ULTRACON®+ SCREW ANCHORS IN WOOD (DEWALT)

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that the Ultracon+ screw anchors in wood, recognized in ICC-ES master evaluation report ESR-3042, have also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2017 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2017 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The Ultracon+ screw anchors in wood, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the master evaluation report ESR-3042, comply with the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2015 *International Building Code*[®] provisions noted in the master report.

Use of the Ultracon+ screw anchors in wood have also been found to be in compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the *Florida Building Code—Building* and the *Florida Building Code—Residential*.

For products falling under Florida Rule 9N-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

This supplement expires concurrently with the master report, reissued September 2019.

