

MIC-SB-MAH 2174672

Hilti North America Installation Technical Manual Technical Data MI System

Version 1.2 08.2017



Terms of common cooperation / Legal disclaimer

The product technical data published in these Technical Data Sheets are only valid for the mentioned codes or technical data generation methods and the defined application conditions (e.g. ambient temperature load capacity not valid in case of fire, data not valid in support structures when mixed with third party products, values only apply to static loading conditions). Technical data applies to the component only -- suitability and capacity of all other components must be checked separately by the responsible engineer (e.g., other assembly components, attachments, base materials, and building structures).

Suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications needs to be verified by conducting a system design and calculation, using for example Hilti PROFIS software. In addition, it is crucial to fully respect the Instructions for Use and to assure clean, unaltered and undamaged state of all products at any time in order to achieve optimum performance (e.g. avoid misuse, modification, overload, corrosion).

As products but also technical data generation methodologies evolve over time, technical data might change at any time without prior notice. We recommend to use the latest technical data sheets published by Hilti.

In any case the suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications need to be checked and cleared by an expert, particularly with regard to compliance with applicable norms, codes, and project specific requirements, prior to using them for any specific facility. This book only serves as an aid to interpret the capacity of the components listed, without any guarantee as to the absence of errors, the correctness and the relevance of the results or suitability for a specific application. User must take all necessary and reasonable steps to prevent or limit damage. The suitability of structures combining different products for specific applications need to be confirmed with a professional designer and/or structural engineers to ensure compliance with User's specific jurisdiction and project requirements.



Designation	Item number
MIC-SB-MAH	2174572

Corrosion protection:

Hot dipped galvanized per DIN EN ISO 1461:Connector:2.2 mils (55 μm)Bolt:1.8 mils (45 μm)Nut:1.8 mils (45 μm)

Weight:

17.98 lb (8154 g) incl. components

Description:

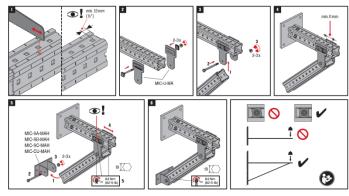
Hilti Hot-dipped galvanized baseplate connector, used for anchoring a MI-90 girder to a steel beam at an angle, usually when it's used as a brace for another girder. Four oblong anchor holes enable fine tuning of baseplate position, and girder is connected using one bolt through a hole, which enables various angles. For use with **M16** hardware.

9/16" (14) 1/2" (12.5) 3-1/8" (80) 1/4" (6) 3-15/16" (100) 11/16"x2-1/2" (17x64) Hardware included per connector

MIC-SB-MAH F/8.8 WS 3/4"

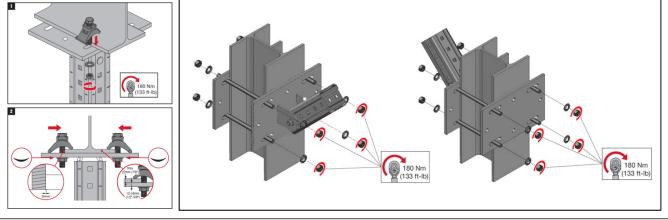
Material properties:				
Material	Yield strength	Ultimate strength	E-modulus	Shear modulus
Connector				
S235JR - DIN EN10025-2 2005.4	$f_y = 34.08 \text{ ksi} (235 \frac{N}{mm^2})$	$f_u = 52.21 \text{ ksi} (360 \frac{N}{mm^2})$	E = 29000 ksi (20000	$0 \frac{N}{mm^2}$) G = 11000 ksi (75845 $\frac{N}{mm^2}$)
Hexagonal head screw, prevail torque				
Class 8.8 - DIN EN 1993-1-8	$f_y = 92.82 \text{ ksi} (640 \frac{N}{mm^2})$	$f_u = 116.03 \text{ ksi} (800 \frac{N}{mm^2})$) E = 29000 ksi (200000	$(\frac{N}{mm^2})$ G = 11000 ksi (75845 $\frac{N}{mm^2})$

Instruction For Use: For both loading cases:



For clamped loading case

For boxed loading case (not attached to the packaging)



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Approved load	ling cases	
Clamped	Boxed	

Governing Conditions

Methodology:

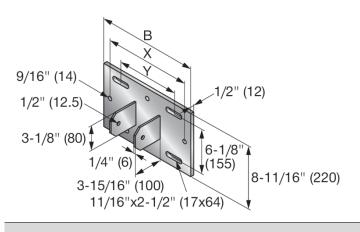
Connection strength values are determined with a combination of simulation (ANSYS[®]), calculation (Microsoft Excel and Mathcad) and testing.

Standards and codes:

_			
•	ANSI/AISC 360-10	Specification for Structural Steel Buildings	
•	ANSI/AISC 360-10-	Inelastic analysis	
	Appendix 1		
•	AISC Steel Design	Column Base Plates	
	Guide Series 1		
•	AISI S100 - 2007/2010	North American Specification for the Design of cold	
		formed Steel Structural Members	
•	EN 1993-1-1	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-1:	03.2012
		General rules and rules for buildings	
•	EN 1993-1-8	Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures – Part 1-8:	03.2012
		Design of joints	
•	EN 10025-2	Hot rolled products of structural steels-Part 2: technical	02.2005
		delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels	

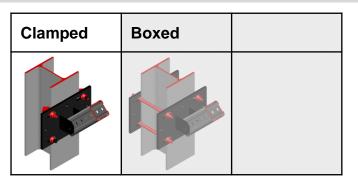
Validity:

Temperature limits: -22°F (-30°C) to 200°F (+93°C). Published allowable loads for applications are based on static loading conditions. Non-static forces, including those resulting from thermal or other expansion must be taken into account during design.



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Loading case: Clamped	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case:	Connector used for an angled connection
MIC-SB-MAH 2174672 Hardware not included in packaging: Beam clamps 4x MI-SGC M16 387398	of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 6.5 " (165mm) - 9.25" (235mm).

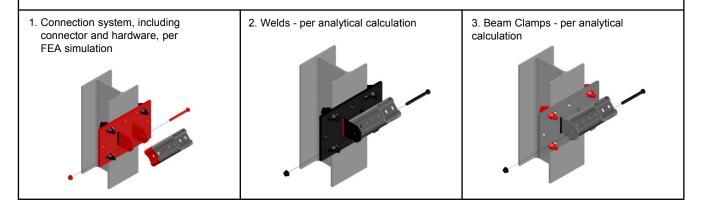
Usage of Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

The Design Strength and Allowable Strength tables on the following pages include strength reduction factors:

- 1. <u>ASD:</u> Safety Factor (omega) > 1.0 as per AISC specifications.
- 2. <u>LRFD</u>: Strength Reduction Factor (phi) < 1.0 as per AISC specifications. $\Omega = \frac{1.5}{h}$ (Reference AISC 360 C-B3-5)

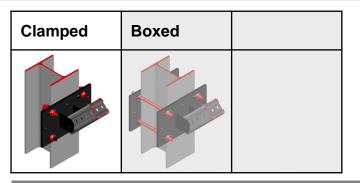
Factored loads are required for input to the given interaction equations. Factored loads are the responsibility of the user. Factored loads are noted as P, V and M

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:



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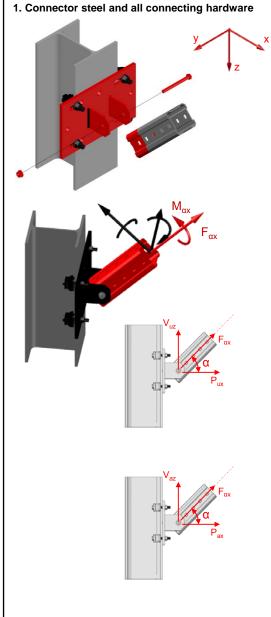




Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

1/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.



	+Fx	-Fx	+Fy	-Fy	+Fz	-Fz
	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
LRFD*	3.75	3.75	1.48	1.48	3.75	3.75
LKFD	+Mx	-Mx	+My	-My	+Mz	-Mz
	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]
	0.52	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	+Fx	-Fx	+Fy	-Fy	+Fz	-Fz
	+Fx [kip]	-Fx [kip]	+Fy [kip]	-Fy [kip]	+Fz [kip]	-Fz [kip]
400*				,		
ASD*	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
ASD*	[kip] 2.50	[kip] 2.50	[kip] 0.99	[kip] 0.99	[kip] 2.50	[kip] 2.50

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the α x-axis (M_{α x}) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction for LRFD

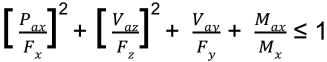
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left[\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{V_{uz}}{F_z}\right]^2 + \frac{V_{uv}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} \le 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$\begin{split} P_{ux} &= F_{\alpha x} \, \mathsf{x} \, \cos \, (\alpha) \\ V uz &= F_{\alpha x} \, \mathsf{x} \, \sin \, (\alpha) \end{split}$$

Interaction for ASD:



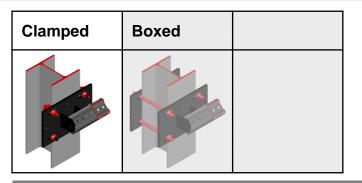
Use of F_{a} : In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

 $P_{ax} = F_{\alpha x} x \cos (\alpha)$ $Vaz = F_{\alpha x} x \sin (\alpha)$

*Values already include LRFD strength reduction (Φ) or ASD safety (Ω) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.

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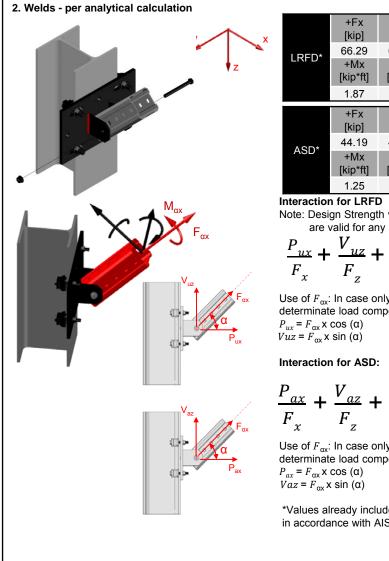




Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

2/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.



-Fx +Fy -Fy +Fz -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 66.29 11.74 3.02 3.02 11.74 -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip*ft] [kip*ft] [kip*ft] [kip*ft] [kip*ft] 1.87 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 -Fy +Fz -Fx +Fy -Fz [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] [kip] 44.19 2.01 2.01 7.83 7.83 -Mx +My -My +Mz -Mz [kip*ft] [kip*ft] [kip*ft] [kip*ft [kip*ft] 1.25 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the x-axis (M_{ax}) are valid for any bracing angle.

$$\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{uz}}{F_z} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} \le 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{az}}{F_z} + \frac{V_{ay}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x} \le 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

*Values already include LRFD strength reduction (Φ) or ASD safety (Ω) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.



For LRFD $M_{ux} = M_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$ $M_{uz} = M_{\alpha x} x \sin (\alpha)$

 $M_{ax} = M_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$ $M_{az}^{ax} = M_{\alpha x} x \sin (\alpha)$

For ASD (not shown on the picture)

+Fz

[kip]

2.32

+Mz

[kip*ft]

0.00

+Fz

[kip]

1.54

+Mz

[kip*ft]

3.07

-Fz

[kip]

2.32

-Mz [kip*ft]

0.00

-Fz

[kip]

1.54

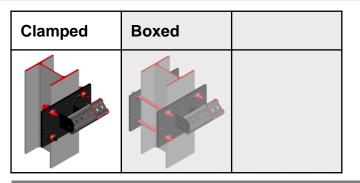
-Mz

[kip*ft]

3.07

with e, =e,=0.070 m

MIC-SB-MAH Base Material Connector - Steel



Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

3/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.

-Fx

[kip]

Not

decisive

-Mx

[kip*ft]

0.83

-Fx

[kip]

Not

decisive

-Mx

[kip*ft]

0.55

+Fy

[kip]

2.32

+My

[kip*ft]

0.00

+Fy

[kip]

1.54

+My

[kip*ft]

3.07

-Fy

[kip]

2.32

-My

[kip*ft]

0.00

-Fy

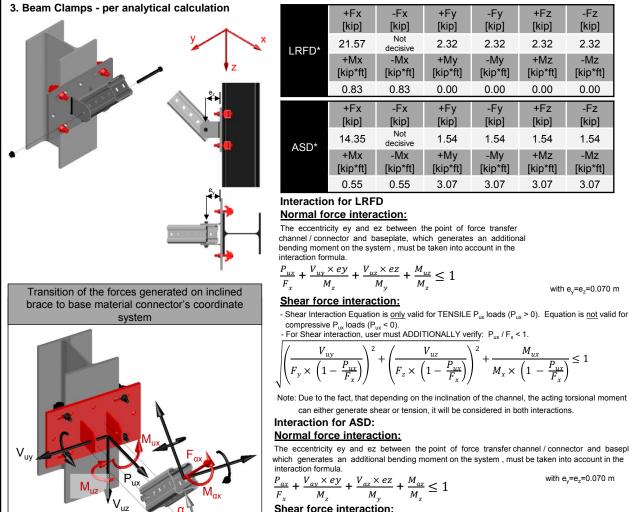
[kip]

1.54

-My

[kip*ft]

3.07



	compressive P_{ux} loads (P_{ux} < For Shear interaction, user m		erify: $P_{ux} / F_x < 1$.	
1	$\left(\frac{V_{uy}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y}\right)^2 + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_$	$\left(\frac{V_{uz}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)}\right)$	$\overline{\right)^2} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right)} \le$	1

Note: Due to the fact, that depending on the inclination of the channel, the acting torsional moment Max can either generate shear or tension, it will be considered in both interactions.

The eccentricity ey and ez between the point of force transfer channel / connector and baseplate, which generates an additional bending moment on the system , must be taken into account in the interaction formula

$$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_{y}} + \frac{V_{ay} \times ey}{M_{z}} + \frac{V_{az} \times ez}{M_{y}} + \frac{M_{az}}{M_{z}} \le 1$$
 with $e_{y}=e_{z}=0.070$ m

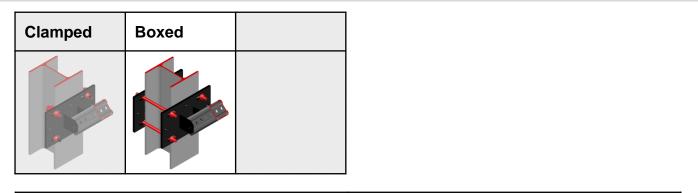
- Shear Interaction Equation is only valid for TENSILE Pax loads (Pax > 0). Equation is not valid for compressive P_{ax} loads ($P_{ax} < 0$). For Shear interaction, user must ADDITIONALLY verify: $P_{ax} / F_x < 1$

$$\sqrt{\left(\frac{V_{ay}}{F_y \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{V_{az}}{F_z \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)}\right)^2 + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x \times \left(1 - \frac{P_{ax}}{F_x}\right)} \le 1$$
*Values already include LRFD strength reduction (Φ) or ASD safety (Ω) factors

in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.

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Loading case: Boxed	Combinations covered by loading case
Bill of Material for this loading case:1x MIC-SB-MAH2174672Hardware not included in packaging:Base plate1x MIB-SBH2174675Threaded rods cut to particular length4x AM16x1000 8.8 HDGm419104Lock washer8x LW M16 HDG plus washer2185343Nut304767	Connector used for an angled connection of MI-90 to structural steel profiles (bracing). For flange width 6.5 " (165mm) - 9.25" (235mm).

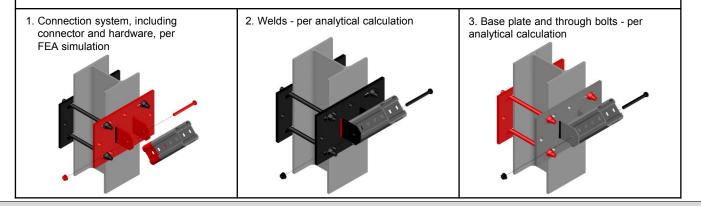
Usage of Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

The Design Strength and Allowable Strength tables on the following pages include strength reduction factors:

- 1. <u>ASD:</u> Safety Factor (omega) > 1.0 as per AISC specifications.
- 2. <u>LRFD</u>: Strength Reduction Factor (phi) < 1.0 as per AISC specifications. $\Omega = \frac{1.5}{\phi}$ (Reference AISC 360 C-B3-5)

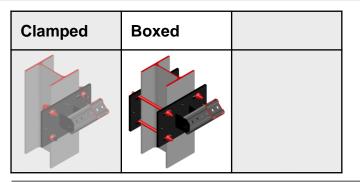
Factored loads are required for input to the given interaction equations. Factored loads are the responsibility of the user. Factored loads are noted as P, V and M

Limiting components of capacity evaluated in following tables:



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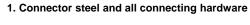


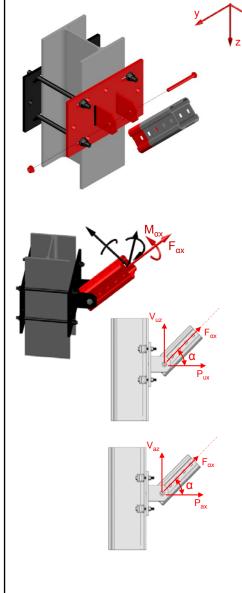


Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

1/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.





	+Fx	-Fx	+Fy	-Fy	+Fz	-Fz
	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
LRFD*	3.75	3.75	1.48	1.48	3.75	3.75
	+Mx	-Mx	+My	-My	+Mz	-Mz
	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]
	0.52	0.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	+Fx	-Fx	+Fv	-Fv	+Fz	-Fz
	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
A0D*	2.50	2.50	0.99	0.99	2.50	2.50
ASD*	2.50 +Mx	2.50 -Mx	0.99 +My	0.99 -My	2.50 +Mz	2.50 -Mz
ASD*						

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the x-axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle.

Values include verification of hexagonal bolt

Interaction for LRFD

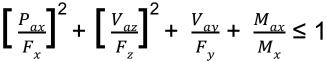
Due to the fact, that the same resistance values as for MIC-CU-MA are decisive, the same interaction formulation can be used:

$$\left[\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x}\right]^2 + \left[\frac{V_{uz}}{F_z}\right]^2 + \frac{V_{uv}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_x} \le 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

 $\begin{aligned} P_{ux} &= F_{\alpha x} \times \cos \left(\alpha \right) \\ Vuz &= F_{\alpha x} \times \sin \left(\alpha \right) \end{aligned}$

Interaction for ASD:



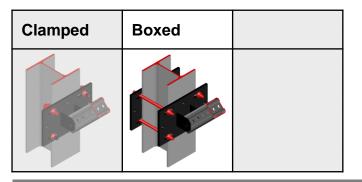
Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

$$P_{ax} = F_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$$

 $Vaz = F_{\alpha x} x \sin(\alpha)$

*Values already include LRFD strength reduction (Φ) or ASD safety (Ω) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.

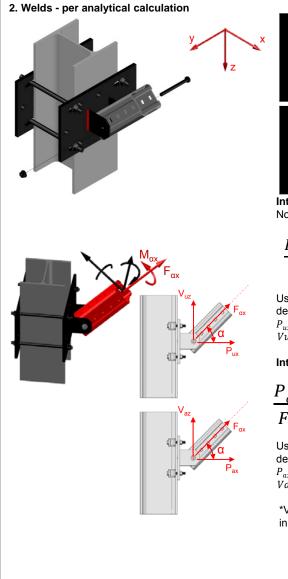




Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

2/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.



	+Fx	-Fx	+Fy	-Fy	+Fz	-Fz
	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
LRFD*	66.29	66.29	3.02	3.02	11.74	11.74
LKFD	+Mx	-Mx	+My	-My	+Mz	-Mz
	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]	[kip*ft]
	1.87	1.87	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	_	_	_	_	_	
	+Fx	-Fx	+Fy	-Fy	+Fz	-Fz
	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]	[kip]
ASD*	44.19	44.19	2.01	2.01	7.83	7.83
ASD	+Mx	-Mx	+My	-My	+Mz	-Mz
ASD	+Mx [kip*ft]	-Mx [kip*ft]	+My [kip*ft]	-My [kip*ft]	+Mz [kip*ft]	-Mz [kip*ft]

Interaction for LRFD

Note: Design Strength values for girder Torsion about the x-axis ($M_{\alpha x}$) are valid for any bracing angle.

$$\frac{P_{ux}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{uz}}{F_z} + \frac{V_{uy}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ux}}{M_y} \le 1$$

Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

 $P_{ux} = F_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$

 $Vuz = F_{\alpha x} x \sin(\alpha)$

Interaction for ASD:

$$\frac{P_{ax}}{F_x} + \frac{V_{az}}{F_z} + \frac{V_{ay}}{F_y} + \frac{M_{ax}}{M_x} \le 1$$

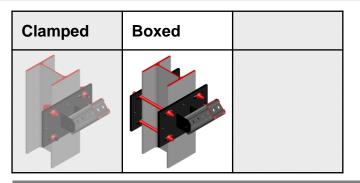
Use of $F_{\alpha x}$: In case only the force along the brace axis (αx) is known, determinate load components as follows:

 $P_{ax} = F_{\alpha x} \times \cos(\alpha)$

 $Vaz = F_{\alpha x} x \sin(\alpha)$

*Values already include LRFD strength reduction (Φ) or ASD safety (Ω) factors in accordance with AISC, and are based on nominal geometry.

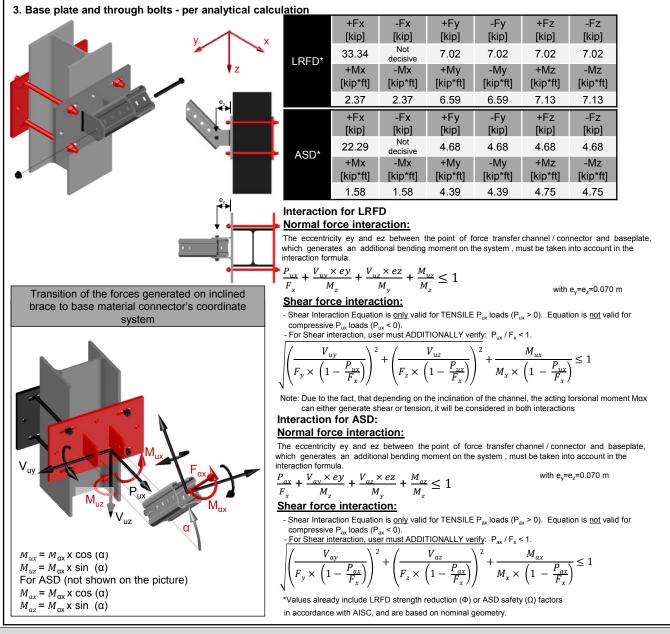




Values for Design Strength and Allowable Strength

3/3

NOTE: Calculate interaction separately for each group only using values from that group. Limiter is defined by highest interaction. Use absolute values. Values refer to the coordinate system shown.





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In the US: Hilti, Inc. (U.S.) P.O. Box 21148 Tulsa, OK 74121 Customer Service: 1-800-879-8000 en español: 1-800-879-5000 Fax: 1-800-879-7000

www.us.hilti.com

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Hilti (Canada) Corporation 2360 Meadowpine Blvd. Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 6S2 Customer Service: 1-800-363-4458 Fax: 1-800-363-4459

www.hilti.ca

The data contained in this literature was current as of the date of publication. Updates and changes may be made based on later testing. If verification is needed that the data is still current, please contact the Hilti Technical Support Specialists at 1-800-879-8000 (U.S.) or 1-800-363-4458 (Canada). All published load values contained in this literature represent the result of testing by Hilti or test organizations. Local base materials were used. Because of variations in materials, on-site testing is necessary to determinate performance at any specific site.